Recent MSU Nutrient Management Research Results on Organically Managed Soils

Prepared for Montana Organic Association 2011 Annual Conference, Dec 9 2011, Billings by Clain Jones, Extension Soil Fertility Specialist clainj@montana.edu; 406 994-6076, Perry Miller, Terry Rick, and Ann McCauley



AGRICULTURE

MAKING A DIFFERENCE IN MONTANA COMMUNITIES

SOIL NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT ON ORGANIC GRAIN FARMS IN MONTANA

by Kathrin Olson-Rutz, Research Associate, Clain Jones, Extension Soil Fertility Specialist/Assistant Professor, and Perry Miller, Sustainable Oropping Systems Professor

Department of Land Resources & Environmental Sciences











Objectives

- Show effects of manure on subsequent organic crop yield and nutrient uptake
- Show soil nitrogen contents of organic vs nonorganic systems in the 6th and 8th year of cropping system studies

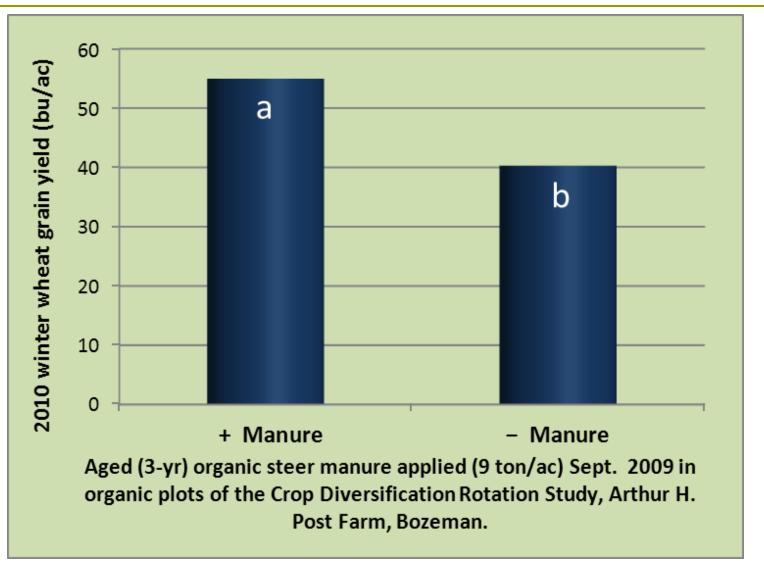
Manure study

- Applied ~9 tons/acre of 3 year aged steer manure to one seeder pass of Perry's CDRS ORG rotation in Sep 2009.
- Equated to 75 lb
 TOTAL P₂O₅/acre
 and ~400 lb
 TOTAL N/acre

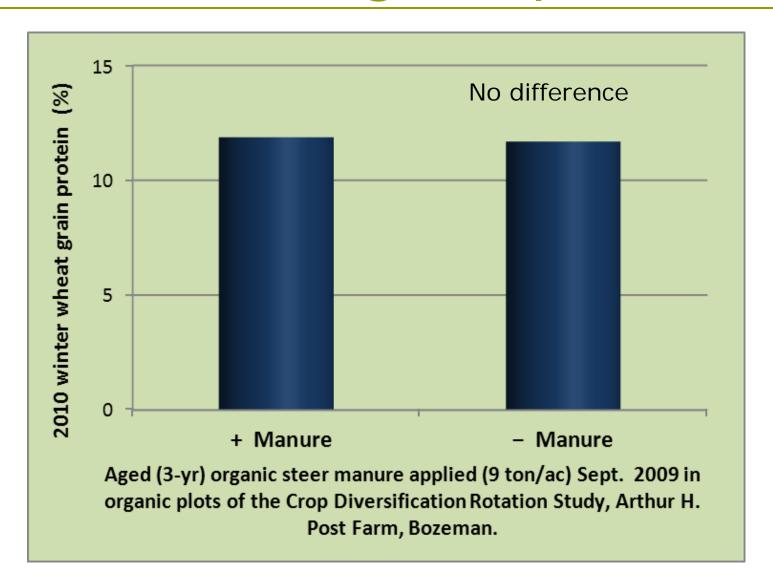


Manure was tilled in prior to seeding winter wheat

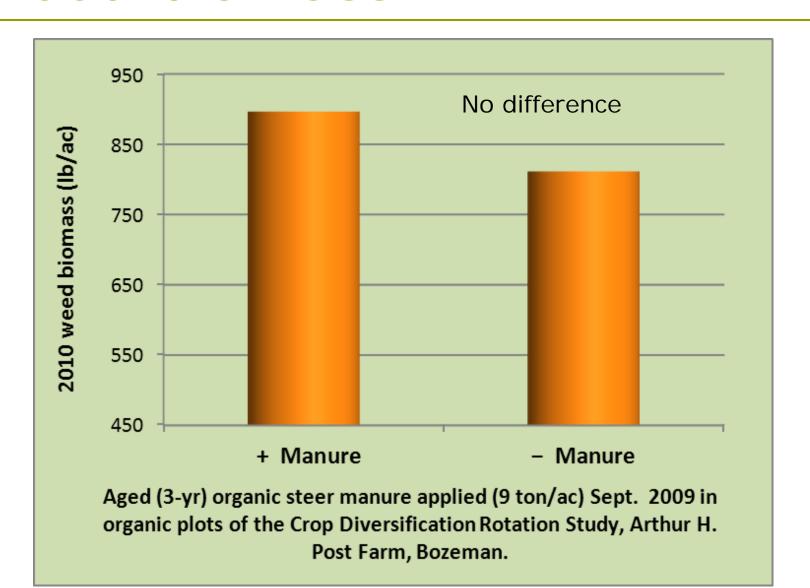
Effect of manure on 2010 winter wheat grain yield



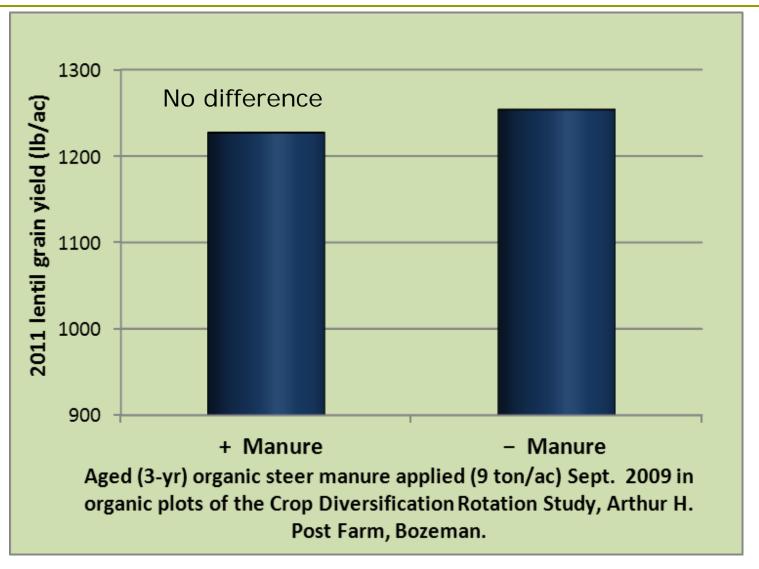
Effect of manure on 2010 winter wheat grain protein



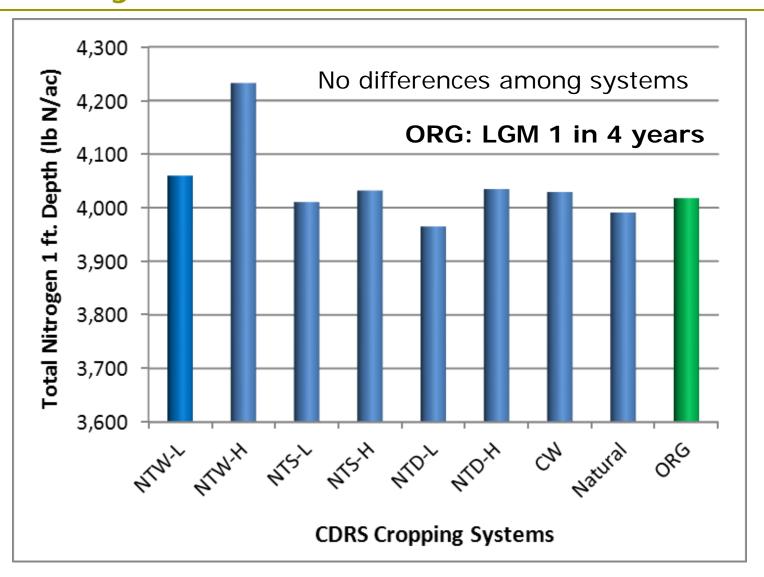
Effect of manure on 2010 weed biomass



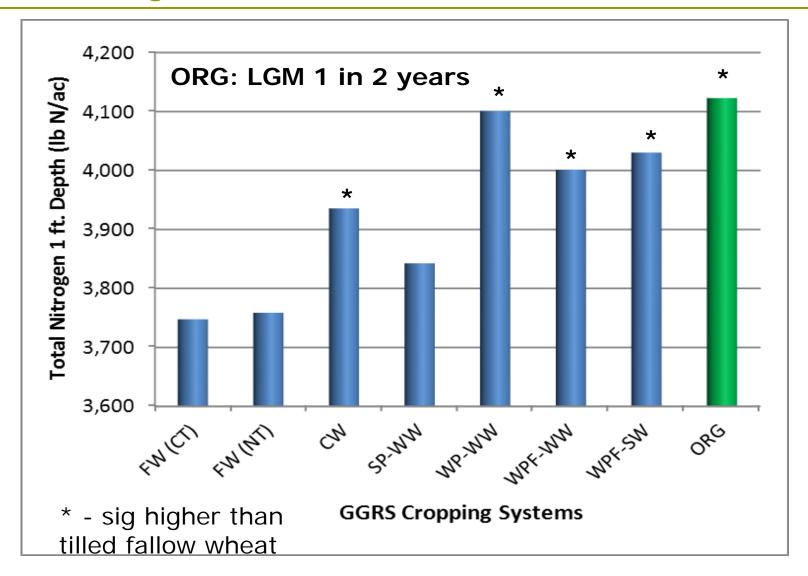
Effect of manure on 2011 lentil grain yield



Cropping system effects on soil N after 8 years near Bozeman, CDRS



Cropping system effects on soil N after 6 years near Bozeman, GGRS



Summary

- Manure increased 2010 ww grain yield, but not protein, weeds, or 2011 lentil yield. Effect was likely from both N and P.
- LGM grown 1 in 4 years in organic systems resulted in similar soil N as conventionally fertilized systems.
- □ LGM grown 1 in 2 years resulted in higher soil N than conventional wheat-fallow.

For more Information:

Soil Fertility Website:

http://landresources.montana.edu/soilfertility

Questions?